



“PHP in the real world”

For lack of a less cliché title

Ivo Jansch

De Montfort University, March 26 2009

About me

- CTO at Ibuildings
 - Development using PHP (websites, applications)
 - ~85 people
 - Big projects (high traffic, multi-tier, clusters, high availability, large teams)
 - Consultancy (training, audits)
 - European focus (from offices in NL and UK)
- Geek!
 - Author of several Open Source projects
 - Blogger
 - Column in php|architect magazine
 - Interested in PHP, Web 2.0, Science

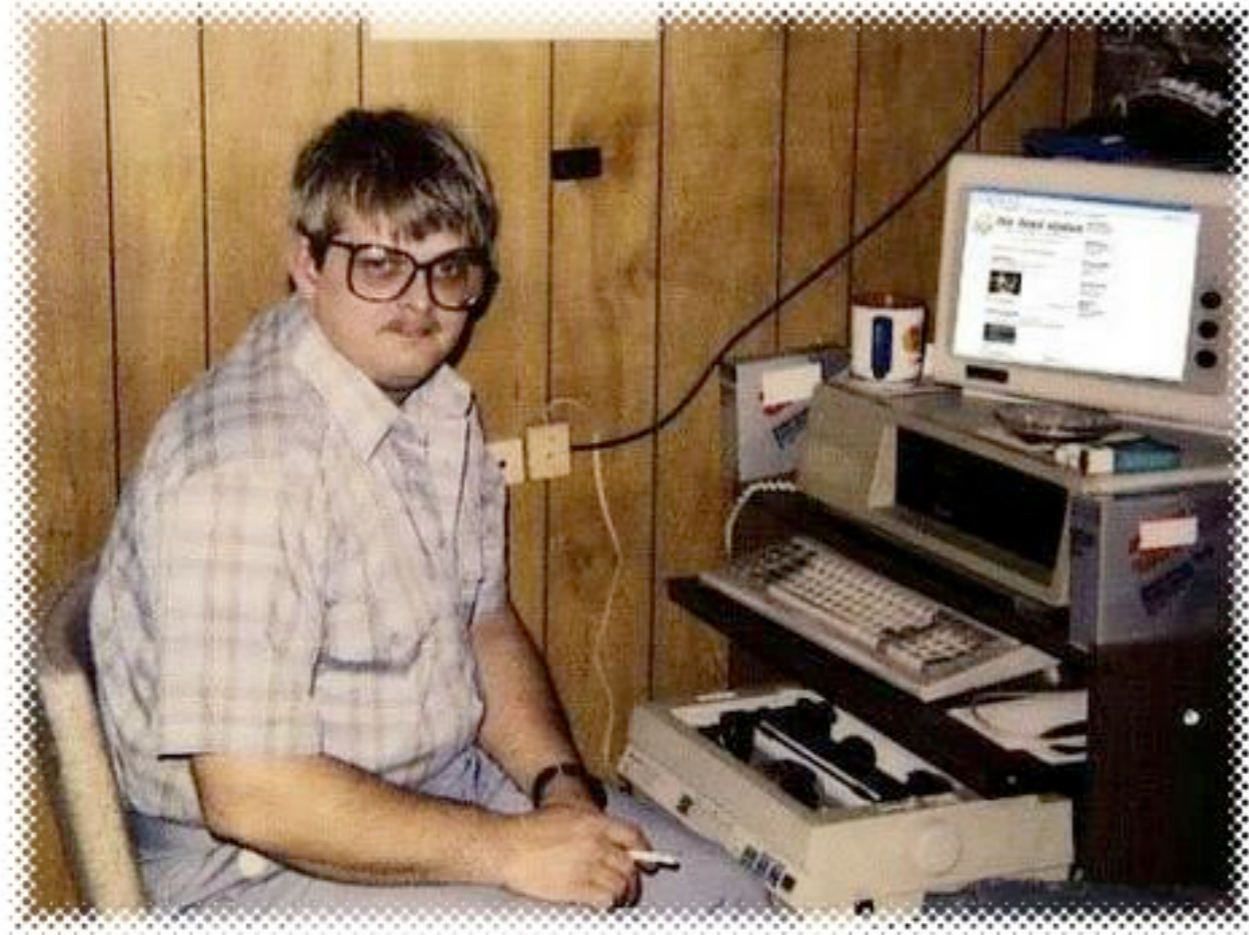
Contents

- A look at PHP
- PHP Development Lifecycle
- Case Studies
- PHP and Other Technologies
- Open Source
- Open Discussion

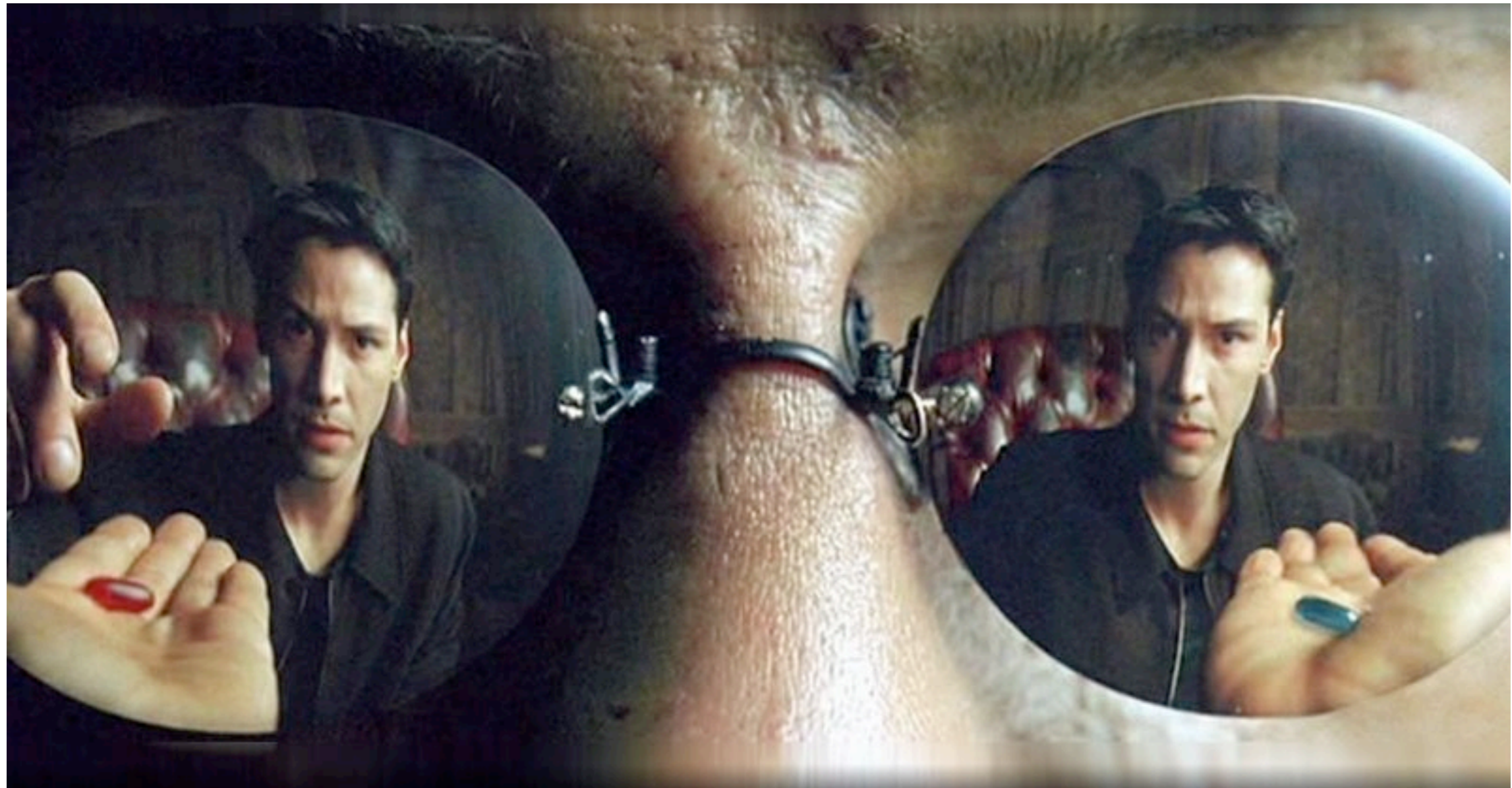
A look at PHP

Past & Present

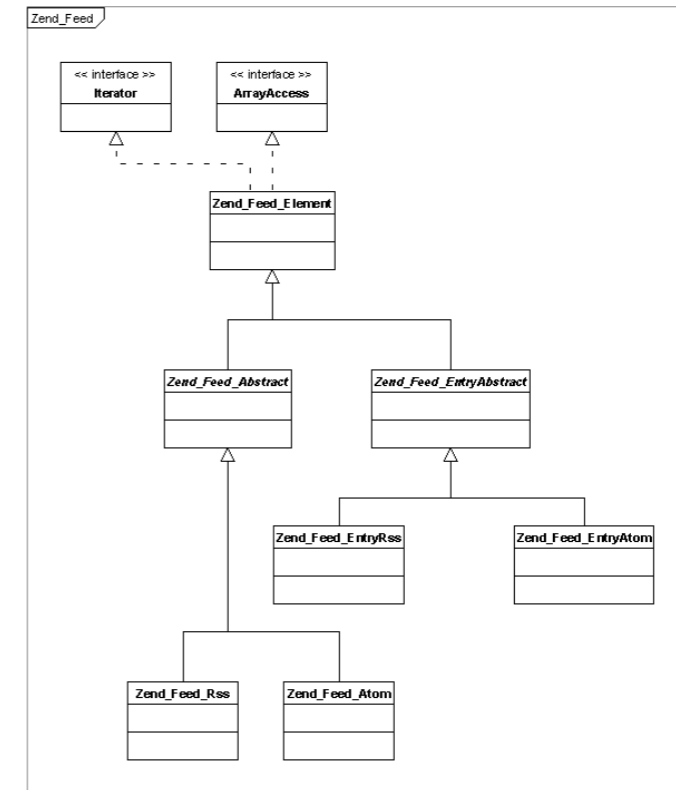
Where did PHP come from?



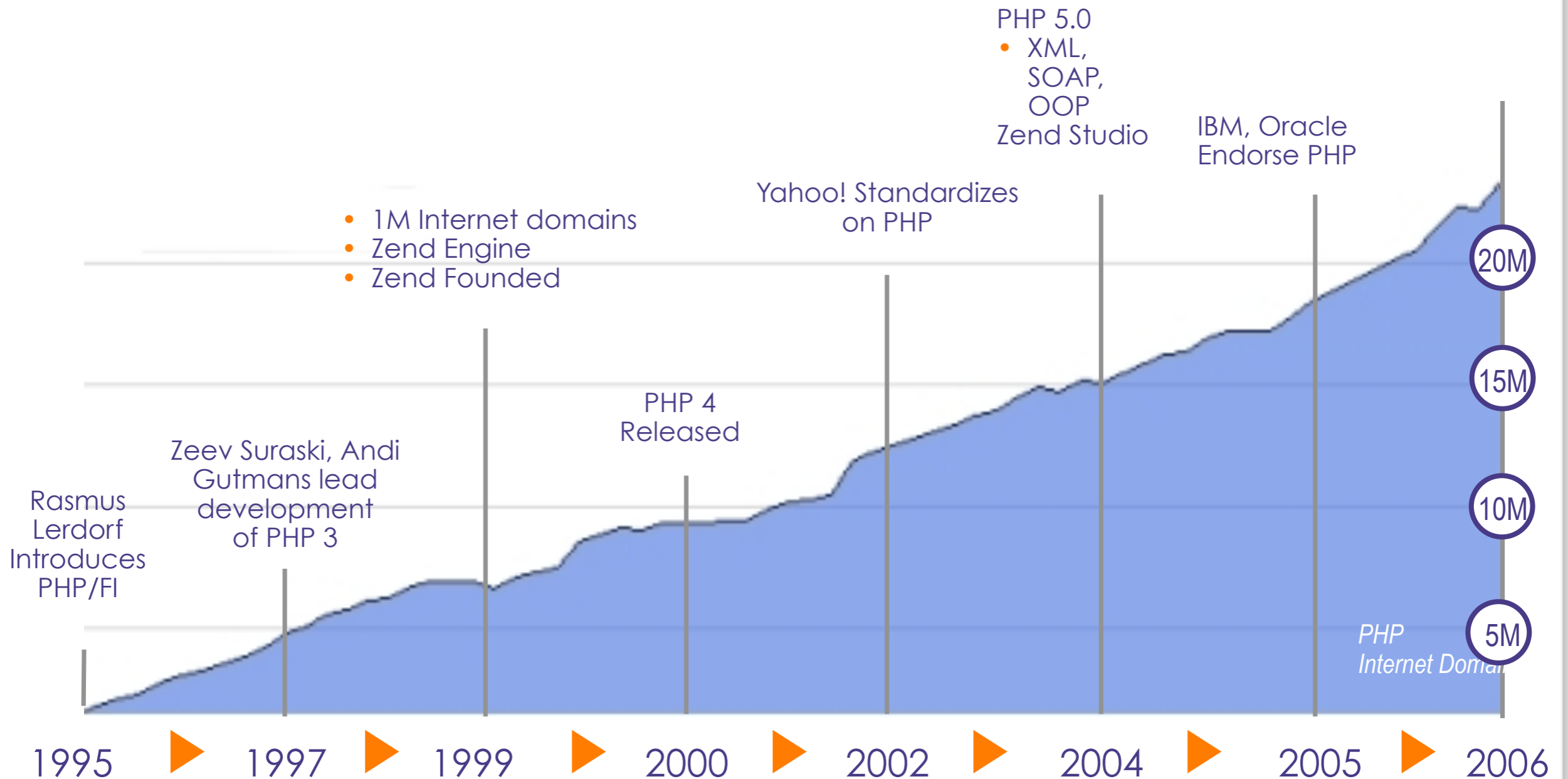
Welcome to the real world!



Where are we now?



History of PHP

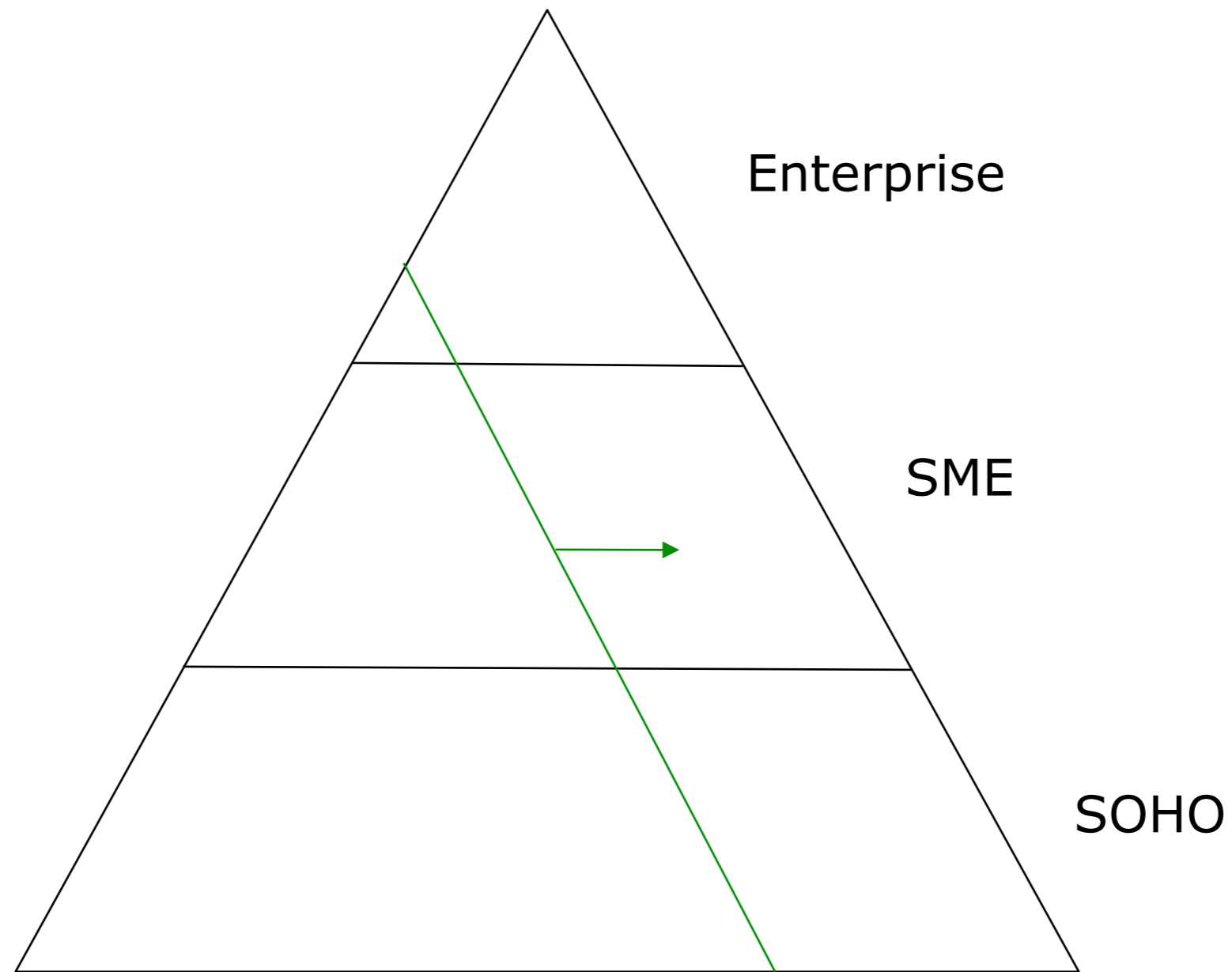


Why use PHP?

- Used by more than 25 million domains
- Made for the web
- Open Source
- Documentation
- Platform independent (Linux, Windows, Unix, ...)
- Backed by Zend, Microsoft, IBM etc.
- Easy to learn
- Versatile
- Short time-to-market

PHP is everywhere





PHP is everywhere

Top 10 internet sites in March 2009:

1. Google
2. Facebook
3. Windows Live
4. Yahoo
5. YouTube
6. BBC
7. Ebay
8. MSN
9. Wikipedia
10. Bebo

Source: Alexa.com

PHP is everywhere

Top 10 internet sites in March 2009:

1. Google	Python/C
2. Facebook	PHP
3. Windows Live	.NET
4. Yahoo	PHP
5. YouTube	Python
6. BBC	Java/ PHP
7. Ebay	Java/ PHP
8. MSN	.NET
9. Wikipedia	PHP
10. Bebo	Java

Common PHP misconceptions

- “PHP is for hobbyists”
 - Low learning curve
 - Proper software engineering => proper quality
- “PHP is insecure”
 - PHP is a language; it’s the programmer that implements security
- “PHP is not a real language”
 - It’s a dynamic scripting language; but a powerful one



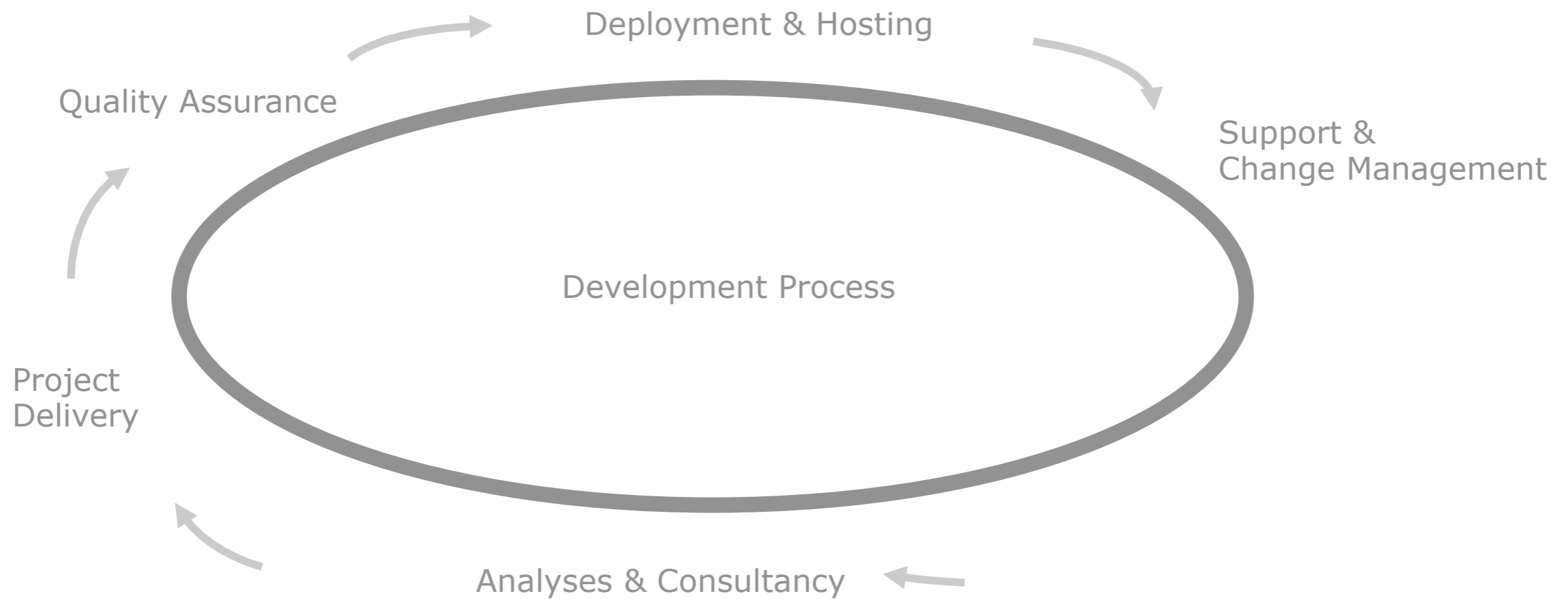
PHP Development Life Cycle

(or at least, the Ibuildings version)

Cowboy Coding

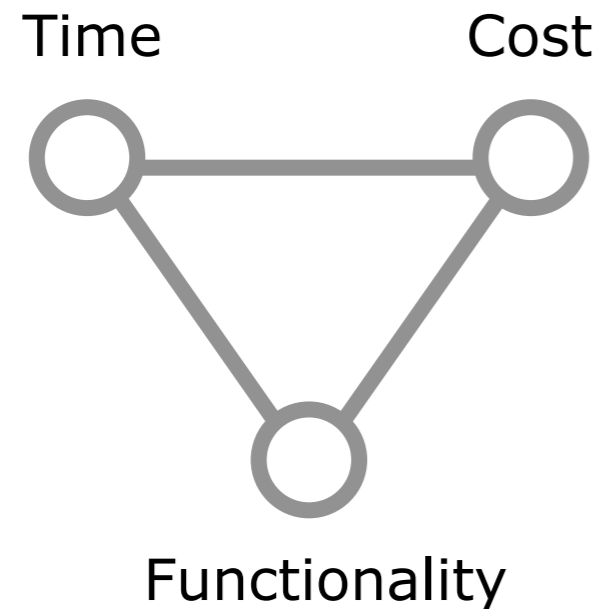


PHP Software Lifecycle



- Iterative development Process
 - Based on fixed time and resources
 - **Flexible scoping** (functionality) & quality
- Project start phase
 - Project planning (releases/iterations/tasks)
 - Optional discovery & consultancy phase
 - Analysis & overall software design (Architecture)
 - Building custom development environment
- Steps for each iteration
 - Meeting to define iteration scope (in stories)
 - Estimate development effort
 - Development
 - Meeting with presentation of deliverables

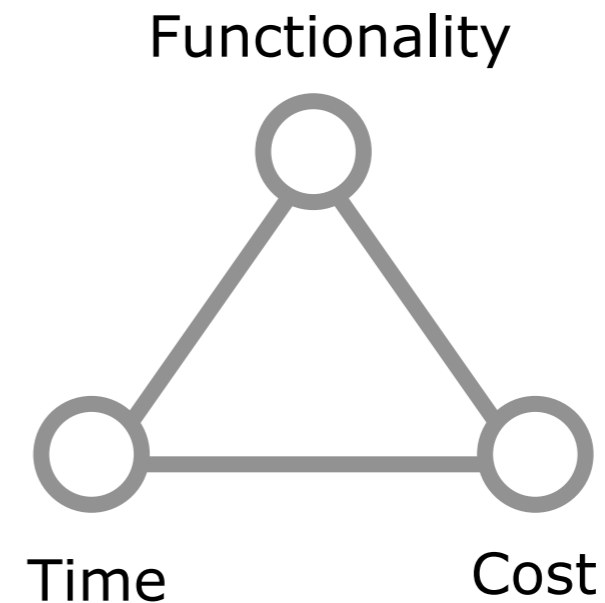
Flexible Scoping



FLEXIBLE



FIXED



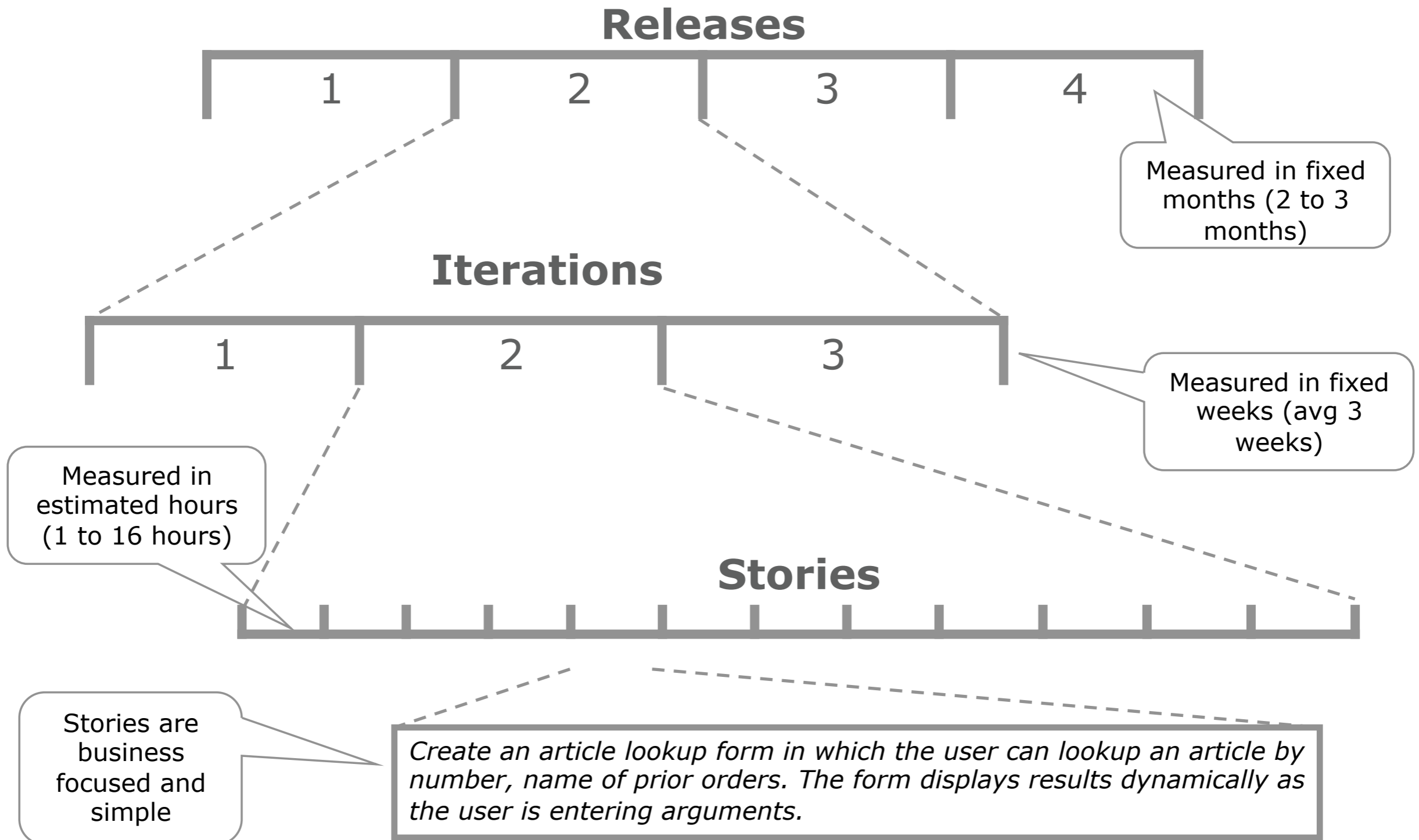
- 100% of requirements are delivered (even the unimportant ones)
- Less or no flexibility in changing the requirements or priorities after developments starts.
- Projects are delivered too late in many cases.
- Budget spending is difficult to manage.

"You know exactly what you get, but just not when or at what cost."

- All business-critical requirements are delivered on time and within budget.
- Worst-case: Some non-critical requirements are not delivered.
- Based on fixed delivery dates and thus fixed costs.
- All of the budget is spend on that what is most important for your business.

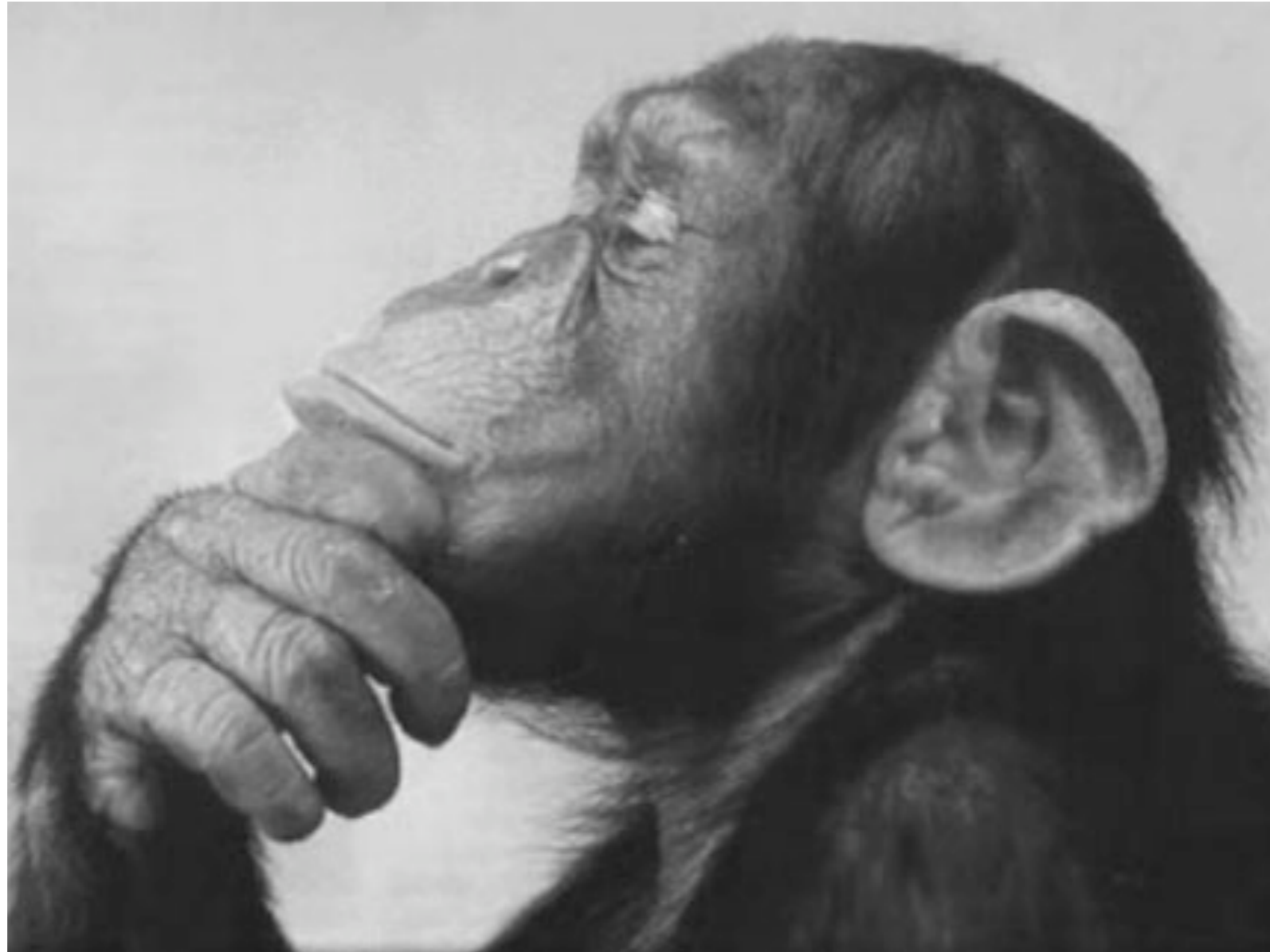
"You know you'll get all business critical parts on time and within budget."

Iterative Development



The first step

The first step



Think!

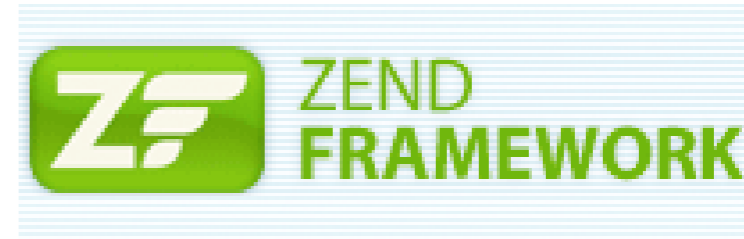
- Software selection (frameworks, packages)
- Non functional requirements!
- Think ahead
- Beware of over engineering (YAGNI)

- QA process integral part of iterative development process
 - Flexible quality target levels
 - Based on actual quality requirements of clients
 - 'Test first' principle applied (Test Driven Development)
 - Software documentation
 - Bug tracking & knowledge base system
 - Debugging and profiling tools
- Testing method & practices
 - Automated testing (Unit testing and Web testing)
 - Manual testing
 - User Interface testing
 - Client environment testing (Browsers and Operating Systems)

- Why use a framework?
 - Don't reinvent the wheel
 - Good programmers are lazy
 - Even quicker time to market
 - Provides structure
 - Proven concepts

■ Zend Framework

- <http://framework.zend.com>
- Component framework
- “Use at will architecture”



■ Symfony

- <http://symfony-project.org>
- Full Stack framework
- Doesn't reinvent the wheel



■ ATK

- <http://www.atk-framework.com>
- Backend framework
- Code minimization



Teamwork

Important:

- Standardization of processes

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Case Studies

A few example PHP projects

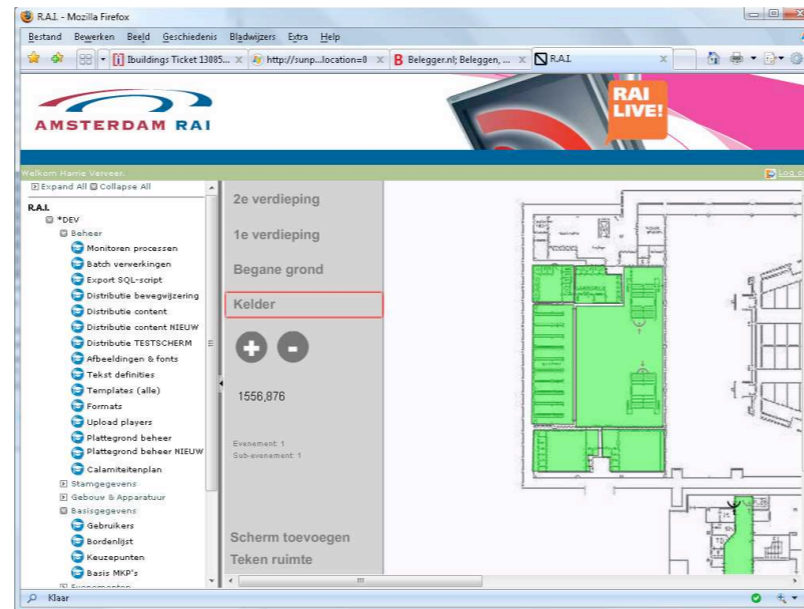
Common Challenges

- Performance & Scalability
- Security
- Maintainability
- Time to Market

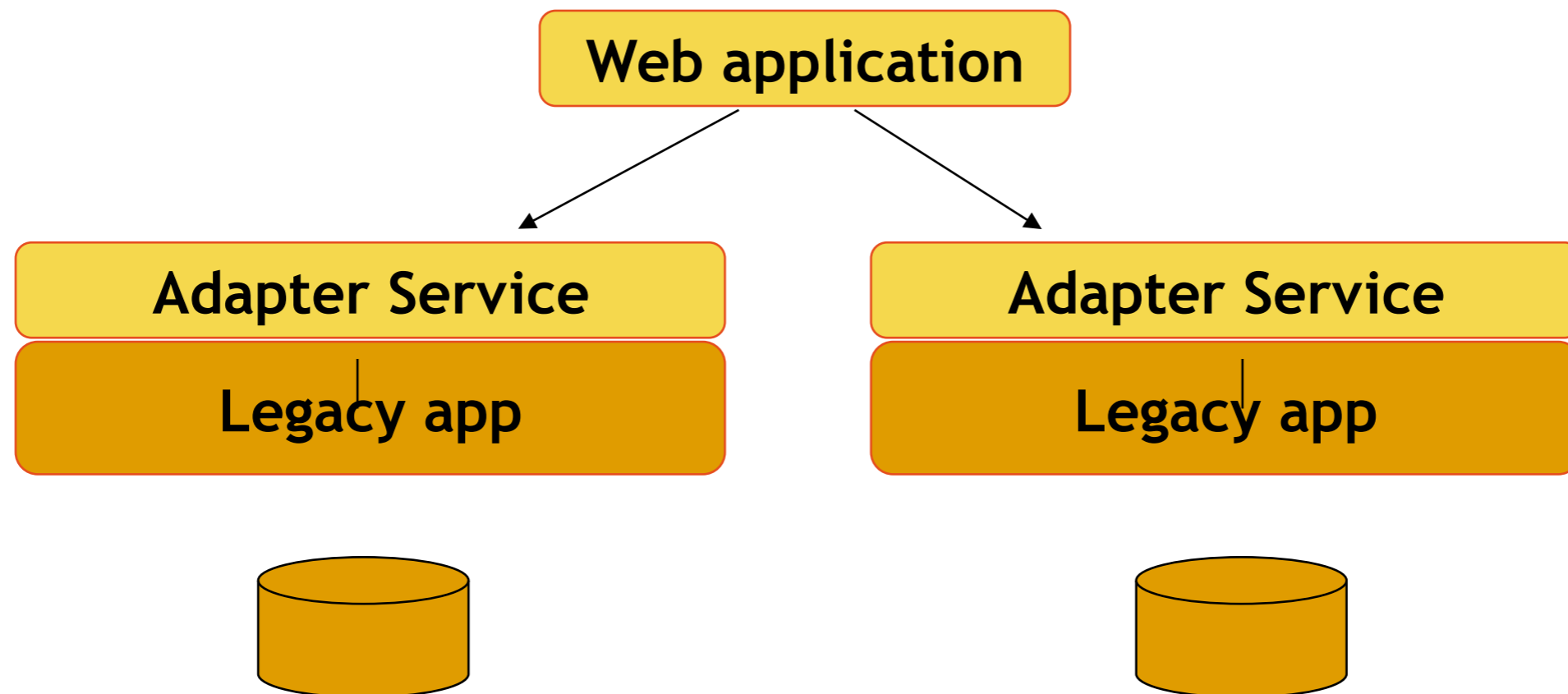
PHP and other technologies

There's still hope for Java

Legacy applications



**Case: Amsterdam RAI
System-i/AS400
legacy application**



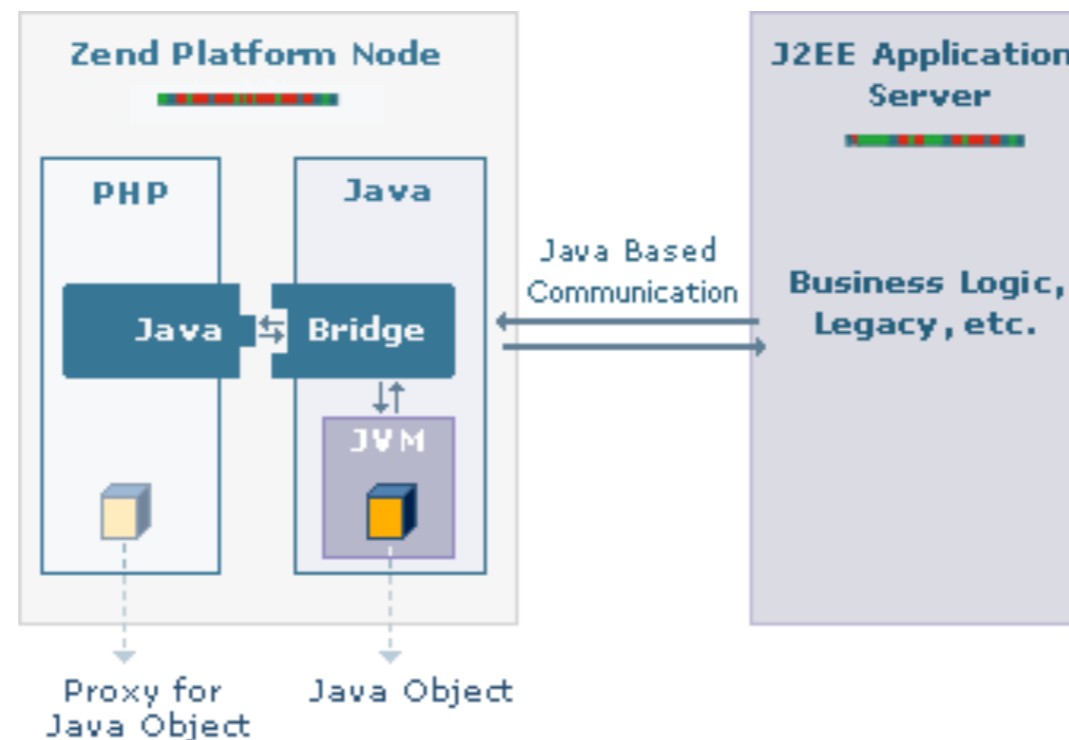
'Caffeinated PHP'

■ The Negatives

- PHP does not always have all of the functionality needed
- Java development/implementation is more difficult than many situations require

■ The Positives

- PHP will do most of what you need to do, easier.
- Java can fill almost any feature void in PHP for a web-based deployment



Source: Kevin Schroeder (Zend)

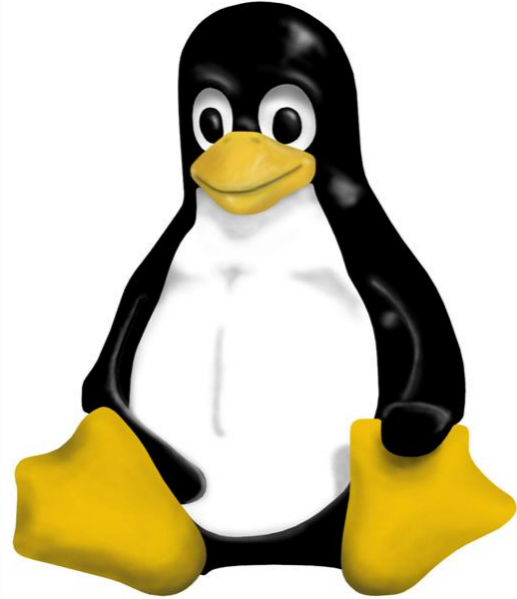
Open Source

A bit of background information

Open Source in a nutshell

- Access to Source Code
 - Freedom to change
 - Freedom to distribute
 - Freedom to use
-
- Open Source Definition – www.opensource.org
-
- Speech versus Beer

Well-known examples



Open Source in the Industry



Adobe



Microsoft

- < 1980 Software was always open
- 80s, 90s Rise of commercial software, EULAs
- 1985 FSF founded by Richard Stallman
- 1991 Linus Torvalds' first version of Linux
- 1997 Eric Raymond's "The Cathedral & The Bazaar"
- 1998 Term 'Open Source' coined
Netscape / Mozilla release
OSI founded
- 1999 Red Hat goes IPO
- 2000-now Adoption by industry

- Knowledge model
 - Support
 - Training
 - Bespoke development

- Licence model
 - Commercial license
 - Dual licensing

- Indirect model
 - Projects, implementation
 - Lead generator for other products
 - Marketing instrument

Takeaways

If you were sleeping, just remember this

Takeaways

- Ibuildings is cool
- PHP is a serious language
- PHP is used in big, real world projects
- It's important to have a good life cycle for PHP projects
- PHP can be used in conjunction with other technologies

Shameless Plug

- php|architect's Guide to Enterprise PHP Development
- ISBN: 978-0-9738621-8-8
- Order at phparch.com or amazon.co.uk





Questions ?



Thank you!

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